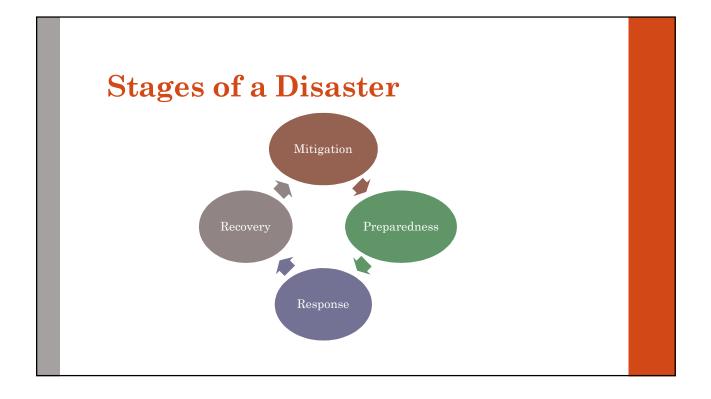
American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)

City of Bowling Green

Investment Strategy

- City staff developed an ARPA plan to propose how funds are invested
- Plan Focus
 - Recovery of the Local Economy
 - Investments for the Community
 - Impacts of COVID
 - City's Strategic Plan



COVID-19 Response Phases

- · Isolation-Business Shutdowns, travel and stay at home orders
- Soft Opening-Businesses at limited capacity, distancing and public health protocols in place
- Reopening-Businesses return to normal operation with some health protocols in place

COVID-19 Major Impacts

• Tourism & Hospitality

• During the Isolation and Soft Opening phases travel and group gathering pushed to near zero

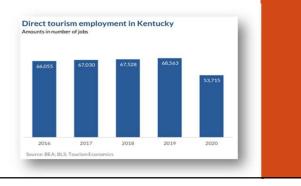
• Housing

• Saw an increased demand for housing and a limited supply of housing stock, which drove up the price for all housing, thereby impacting rental prices as well

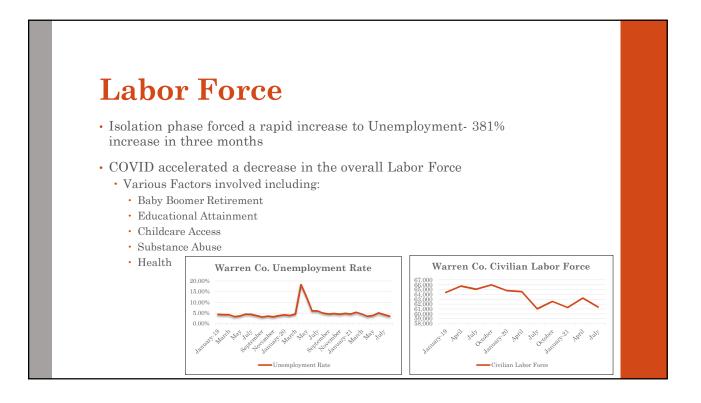
- Labor Force
 - Forced closures pushed many to unemployment, economy reopened and the labor force was not available to fill the jobs

Tourism & Hospitality

- · Cancelations of events, loss of business and personal travel
- Lost 20% of employees in Warren County and 22% decrease in tourism spending from 2019 to 2020
- KY lost almost 15,000 tourism related jobs in 2020







Initial Relief

- Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES)
- Federal relief funding to businesses, organizations and individuals
- City received funding through State of KY for COVID Expenses
- City reallocated a portion to provide Community Relief (BGCARES) for rental and utility assistance, small business assistance, and masks

ARPA

- Passed Congress in March 2021
- · Portion created direct funding for States and Cities
- Since Bowling Green is an entitlement community, ARPA funds are provided directly by US Treasury
- Received $1^{\rm st}$ installment in 2021 and expect to receive $2^{\rm nd}$ installment in 2022
- Total award is over \$16.5 million

ARPA

- US Treasury has not finalized the rules for how Cities can allocate or spend these funds
 - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Interim Rule and FAQs are available
- City should make no formal allocation until after Final Rule
- All funds are to be obligated by 12/31/24 and spent by 12/31/26
- Interim Rule laid out 6 broad eligible categories

ARPA Eligible Uses

Support Public Health Response	Negative Economic Impacts	Target Low- Income Communities	Revenue Replacement	Provide Premium Pay	Infrastructure Investment	

ARPA Investment Strategy

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ARPA Investment Strategy

- Staff used a percentage based process to lay out localized broad categories
- Specific allocations will focus on:
 - One time allocation of federal funding
 - Projects should deliver past the pandemic
 - Meet the timelines of the funding
 - Provide economic opportunity to the community

Revenue Replacement

- Interim Rule allows governments to calculate the amount of lost revenue compared to pre-pandemic
- The difference is considered lost revenue and that calculation can be completed for four calendar years
- Replacement funds are for the provision of government services (ex. Public Safety, Cyber Security, Parks & Rec, & Infrastructure)
- Revenue Replacement provides greater flexibility and should be maximized
- Initial calculation for year 1 is \$6.8 million
- Propose 50% of ARPA allocation for Revenue Replacement

City Strategic Plan: Fiscal Responsibility/Riverfront & Greenways Development/Roads & Traffic/Strong Neighborhoods

Target Low Income

- Based on Housing Impacts propose to use 25% of our ARPA Allocation for Affordable Housing
 - Create a competitive process for organizations or private companies to receive funding to produce new affordable housing units anticipate creating 110 units
- Based on impacts to low income populations propose to use 2.5% for non-profits to develop projects or programs to assist low income populations in recovering from the economic impacts of COVID

City Strategic Plan: Housing Development/Homeless Problems/Strong Neighborhoods

Negative Economic Impacts

- Propose to allocate 5% of the ARPA allocation to the Tourism and Hospitality Industry
 - Competitive process for organization and businesses to submit projects and receive matching funds through ARPA
- Propose 2.5% allocation to expand marketing and recruitment of visitors to Bowling Green
- Propose 10% allocation for Labor Force Funding to increase the overall Labor Force in Bowling Green
- Propose 2.5% allocation to "Main Street" Businesses in the downtown
 Competitive process for businesses to submit projects and receive matching funds

 $City\ Strategic\ Plan:\ Downtown\ Development/Economic\ and\ Workforce\ Development/Education$

Infrastructure Investment

- COVID forced our education and work to become dependent on internet availability
- · Community desire for residential fiber network
- Propose to allocate 2.5% to develop a "Fiber to the Home" plan

City Strategic Plan: Broadband

ARPA Investment Strategy

Revenue Replacement		50%
Target Low Income Affordable Housing Non-Profit		$25\% \\ 2.5\%$
Negative Economic Impacts Tourism & Hospitality Labor Force Investments Tourism Marketing "Main Street" Business Fund		5% 10% 2.5% 2.5%
Infrastructure Investment Fiber to the Home Plan		2.5%
	Total	100%