

July 2010

Sediment Control Practices		SMP-01 Silt Fence
Symbol		
Description	To detain sediment-laden wate fence. These fences are made support poles and occasionally temporary sediment barrier an	er, silt fences are used to promote silt deposition behind the e of filter fabric that has been entrenched, attached to / supported by a wire fence. Silt fence is intended as a d requires routine maintenance.
Application	<ul> <li>Silt fence should be used</li> <li>Silt fence should <u>not</u> be a flows.</li> <li>Silt fencing can be used a slope, upstream of sedim temporary spoil areas.</li> </ul>	in area accepting sheet flow conditions. used in ditch lines, streams, or other areas of concentrated along the downstream perimeter, below the toe of a cleared uent traps or basins, along streams and channels and around
Design	The design criteria for silt fence	is as follows:
	<ul> <li>Silt fencing should be ins down slopes or around th by measures such as "J"</li> <li>The length of silt fence is area should not exceed 0</li> <li>Spacing of silt fence is va See Table SMP1-01 for st</li> </ul>	talled along the contour. It should not be installed up and the perimeter of large construction sites unless accompanied Hooks or other methods. determined by the amount of run-off area. The minimum 0.25 acre per 100 linear feet of silt fence. ariable depending on the slope of land draining to the fence. spacing requirements.

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## Bowling Green, KY Stormwater Best Management Practices

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Design	<ul> <li>Silt fencing must be installed only where water can pond. Specify silt fencing downgradient from bare soil areas with the ends turned up to prevent bypassing. Provide adequate setbacks from slope toe for routine maintenance and access.</li> <li>Silt fencing can be used where: <ul> <li>Non-concentrated sheet flow will occur</li> <li>Protection of adjacent property or nearby surface waters is required</li> <li>The size of the drainage area is no more than ¼ acre per 100 linear feet of silt fence</li> <li>The maximum flow path length above the barrier is 100 feet for slopes less than 2 percent, and 50 feet for slopes up to 10 percent</li> <li>The maximum slope gradient above the barrier is 2H:1V</li> <li>Silt fencing can be used in flat, short swales (i.e. slope is less than 2 percent; length is less than 200 feet) that drain less than 2 acres, if silt fencing is spaced every 50 feet</li> <li>Reinforced silt fence must be required when the contributing slope is longer than 100 feet and greater than 3 percent and the design life of the silt fence is greater than 6 months.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Table SMP01-1. Silt Fence Spacing on Long Slopes
	Land Slope Max. Slope Distance
	3% - 5% 100 ft.
	5% - 10 % 75 ft.
	10% - 20%
	20% - 50% 25 ft.
	Silt fences should be located where only shallow pools (i.e., 1.5 feet or less) can form. Their use is limited to situations in which sheet or overland flows are expected. Dig a trench on the contour at least 6 inches wide and 6 inches deep below the area to be treated, taking care to install J-hooks where flows will travel along the silt fence. Turn fence ends uphill to trap potential bypasses as needed. If posts are already attached to fabric, position the fencing so the posts are installed on the downhill side of the fabric. Drive posts to a depth of 1 foot below the bottom of the trench, against downslope trench wall for extra support. Posts for all silt fencing are spaced 6 feet apart. Push fabric into the trench, and spread fabric along trench bottom and sides; backfill the trench and compact the soil. A preferred installation technique is deep, easily- worked soils with minimal rock content involves static slicing of the fence into the ground with a chisel-plow implement such as the <i>Tommy Silt Fence Machine</i> or equivalent. The filter fabric is wire-tied directly to the posts with three diagonal ties. The height of a silt fence must be 18 inches minimum and 30 inches maximum. Sediment storage height and ponding height must not exceed 18 inches. Silt fences placed at the toe of a slope must be set at least 6 feet back from the toe to increase ponding volume and provide room for maintenance.



Maintenance	<ul> <li>Silt fences and filter barriers must be inspected weekly or ever 14 days and after each storm of greater than one-half inch. Any required repairs must be made immediately.</li> <li>Sediment height not to exceed one-third the height of the fence.</li> <li>Perform required maintenance before a storm event.</li> <li>Remove fence when vegetation is established and any sediment stored behind the silt fence has been removed. Silt fences and other temporary controls must be removed before project close out.</li> </ul>
Inspection	Silt fence has proper placement.
-	Inspect fence for proper installation and compaction by pulling up on the fence while kicking the toe of the fabric. If the fence comes out of the ground, do not accept the installation.
	If there are long, linear runs of silt fence without J-hooks, do not accept the installation.
	The last 6 feet of the silt fence is turned uphill and secured to the post.
	Color band of the anchor trench is not visible.
	Accumulated sediment does not exceed one third the height of the fence or 18 inches maximum.
	If washaround or underwash occurs then fence should be reset.
	□ The removed sediment must be spread and vegetated or otherwise stabilized so that it does not result in muddy runoff to nearby ditches or surface waters.





**Figure EPP01-1. Silt Fence Installation – Slicing Method** *Kentucky Construction Site BMP Planning and Technical Specifications Manual* 





**Figure EPP01-2. Silt Fence Installation – Trenching Method** *Kentucky Construction Site BMP Planning and Technical Specifications Manual*  Bowling Green, KY Stormwater Best Management Practices



<u>Incorrect</u> – <u>Do Not</u> layout "perimeter control" silt fences along property lines. All sediment laden runoff will concentrate and overwhelm the system.



<u>Correct</u> – Install J-hooks





Discreet segments of silt fence, installed with J-hooks will be much more effective.



Figure EPP01-3. Silt Fence Perimeter Placement Kentucky Construction Site BMP Planning and Technical Specifications Manual





**Figure EPP01-4. Silt Fence Placement on Slopes** *Kentucky Construction Site BMP Planning and Technical Specifications Manual* 





Figure EPP01-5. Silt Fence Placement on Compound Slope Kentucky Construction Site BMP Planning and Technical Specifications Manual